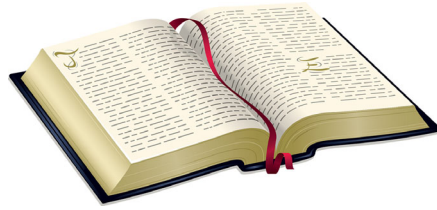


Bible Correspondence Fellowship



1 Corinthians - Lesson 1 of 5

The book of First Corinthians is one of the most important in the Bible. It covers a wide variety of doctrinal and practical issues. As you study the book of First Corinthians you will learn much about God's will in the areas of sexual morality, marriage and divorce, lawsuits between believers, church discipline and many other topics. Likewise Paul discusses such important doctrinal issues as speaking in tongues and spiritual gifts, the resurrection, the rapture, the baptism of the Holy Spirit and Communion. In this letter Paul goes into great detail describing the nature of the Church as a body of believers with different parts but all working together for the benefit of one another.

Before beginning this study you should take time to read through First Corinthians from beginning to end. This will help you better understand each section in the context of the entire book. While doing the study read each question carefully using the given Scripture reference to find your answer. May the Lord bless you as you study the book of First Corinthians.

INTRODUCTION

AUTHOR: The apostle Paul

PLACE OF WRITING: Written from Ephesus.

DATE OF WRITING: First Corinthians was probably written sometime between 54 and 58 A.D. while Paul was on his third missionary journey.

PURPOSE, THEME AND SUBJECT MATTER OF THE LETTER: Corinth was the seat of government for Southern Greece or Achaia. It was noted for its wealth, and for the luxurious, immoral and vicious habits of the people. It had a large mixed population of Romans, Greeks, and Jews. Paul visited Corinth for the first time around the year 51 A.D.

1 Corinthians was written in response to a variety of problems that existed in the Corinthian church. Paul learned of these problems through reports that reached him from some members of the church (1 Corinthians 1:11; 5:1) and through letters that were sent to him (1 Corinthians 7:1). The majority of the specific issues discussed in the letter are of a very practical nature regarding Christian behavior. Some doctrinal issues are also discussed in detail as well, particularly the doctrine of the resurrection of the dead (Chapter 15).

Please read the entire book of 1 Corinthians. _____ Check.

Chapter 1

Please memorize the following verse and be prepared to write it out at the end of this lesson.

For the word of the cross is foolishness to those who are perishing, but to us who are being saved it is the power of God. 1 Corinthians 1:18 – NASB.

GREETING AND THANKSGIVING

Read 1 Corinthians 1:1-9 _____ Check

1. (v. 1:1) In what way was Paul called to be an apostle of Jesus Christ?

2. (v. 1:2) How does Paul describe the believers in the Corinthian church?

3. The word “sanctified” means to be holy. As we read through 1 Corinthians we learn that there was a great deal of sin in the Corinthian church. Why do you think God could call the Corinthian believers “sanctified” when there was such sinful behavior in the church?

4. (v. 1:4) What is Paul’s response to God because of the Corinthian believers?

5. (v. 1:8) What will be the condition of the believers on the day of the Lord Jesus Christ?

6. (v. 1:9) How is God described in this verse? _____

APPEAL FOR UNITY

Read 1 Corinthians 1:10-17 and answer the following questions.

7. (v. 1:10) What was Paul’s plea to the Corinthian believers?

8. (v. 1:11) How did Paul learn about the divisions in the Corinthian church?

9. The Corinthian church was divided into factions that followed the teachers of various Christian leaders.

List the four leaders that various Corinthians claimed to follow (v. 1:12).

10. Paul responds to these factions with three rhetorical questions (questions with obvious answers). What do you think is the point Paul is trying to make with these three questions (v. 1:13)?

11. (vss. 1:14-16) Did Paul baptize everyone in the Corinthian church? _____
Did he wish that he had baptized more? _____

12. (v. 1:17) What did Christ not send Paul to do? _____
What did Christ send Paul to do? _____

Note: Compare 1 Corinthians 1:17 with Matthew 28:19 and Mark 16:15-16. The Lord Jesus Christ commanded the twelve apostles to preach the gospel and baptize. This verse is strong evidence that the Apostle Paul was working under a different commission than the one given to the twelve apostles.

MAN'S WISDOM vs. GOD'S WISDOM

Read 1 Corinthians 1:18 – 2:16 _____ Check

13. (v. 1:18) How does Paul describe the preaching of the cross to two different groups?

14. (v. 1:21) Did the world find God through its own wisdom? _____
Through what means was salvation revealed? _____

15. (v. 1:22) What is the difference between the Jews and the Gentiles (Greeks) in the way in which they expected to find God? _____

16. (vs. 1:23) What is the central focus of the preaching of Paul? _____

17. Write the point of verse 25 in your own words. _____

18. (v. 1:26–28) Describe the type of people that God can use to preach the gospel.

19. (v.1:31) In whom should a Christian boast? _____

Chapter 2

1. (v. 2:1-5) How does Paul describe the way he preached to the Corinthians?

2. (v. 2:2) Describe the similarity between this verse and what Paul says in chapter 1 verse 23.

Note: The term “princes of this world” (KJV) or “rulers of this age” (NIV) can refer to Satan and his demons (John 12:31; John 14:30; John 16:11; Ephesians 2:2).

3. (v. 2:7) How does Paul describe God’s wisdom? _____

4. (v. 2:8) What reason does Paul give in this verse as to why God kept His plan hidden?

Note: Paul is not speaking of the fact that the death of Jesus Christ would bring salvation to the world in these verses. The Old Testament speaks of the substitutionary death of Christ in many places (e.g. Isaiah 53). Paul is referring to the special message revealed to him by God, which he called a “mystery” or secret, that the Jews and Gentiles could be saved and be made part of one Body of believers through faith in Jesus Christ. This message was kept hidden in God’s mind “since the world began” and was not revealed in the Old Testament or the writings of any other author in the Bible. Compare Ephesians 3:4-6; Romans 16:25-26; Colossians 1:25-27.

5. (vss. 2:9-10) How did God reveal His wisdom to us? _____

6. (vss. 2:10-12) Explain these verses in your own words. _____

7. (v. 2:14) Can the man without the Spirit of God accept the truth of God's word?
(Also read 2 Corinthians 4:4-6) _____

Chapter 3

DIVISIONS IN THE CHURCH

Read 1 Corinthians 3:1 - 9 _____ Check

1. (vss. 3:1-3) How does Paul describe the Corinthian believers? _____
Why does he describe them this way? _____
2. (v. 3:5) Does Paul teach that individual preachers should be given credit for the spiritual growth of the believers? _____
3. (vss. 3:6-9) Describe in your own words the point that Paul is trying to make in these verses.

THE JUDGMENT SEAT OF CHRIST

Read 1 Corinthians 3:10 – 15 _____ Check

4. (v. 3:10) What does Paul call himself?

Note: The “foundation” which Paul laid is what he calls “the preaching of Jesus Christ according to the revelation of the mystery” (Romans 16:25). It was the unique message he was given as the apostle to the Gentiles (Romans 11:13; 1 Timothy 2:7; 2 Timothy 1:11).

5. (v. 3:11) What is the only true foundation that any minister can build upon?

6. (V. 3:12) What metaphors (word pictures) does Paul use to describe the valuable and worthless deeds that a person does? _____
- _____
7. (v. 3:13) What will be made known at the time Paul calls “the Day.”
- _____
8. (vs. 3:14-15) Describe what will happen on that day to those whose works were done for the glory of God and those whose works were useless.
- _____
- _____
9. (v. 3:15) Will the person whose works are burned be lost or saved? _____

Note: The Bible teaches of two great days of judgment. The one mentioned in these verses is found only in writings of Paul and it is called the Judgment Seat of Christ (compare Romans 14:10; 2 Corinthians 5:10). This judgment takes place after the Church, the Body of Christ, has been taken from the earth in the rapture. It only involves believers and it is a judgment for rewards based on the works done as a believer. It is not a judgment to determine a person’s salvation. If you are a believer in Jesus Christ today, this is the judgment you will face.

The other great judgment is called the Great White Throne judgment (Revelation 20:11). This judgment will take place after the seven years of tribulation and after the second return of Christ to the earth. This judgment will involve unbelievers from all other dispensations other than the present Dispensation of Grace. It will be to determine if their names were recorded in the Book of Life. Those whose names are not found in the Book will be sent to eternal punishment in the Lake of Fire. (Revelation 20:11-14)

10. (v. 3:16) Why are we called the temple of God? _____
11. (v.3:18) Describe the similarity between this verse and 1 Corinthians 1:23
- _____

Chapter 4

PAUL DEFENDS HIS MINISTRY

Read 1 Corinthians 4:1-21 _____ Check

1. (v. 4:1) How does Paul describe himself and Apollos?

In verse 4:2–4 Paul is talking about judging the validity of his ministry.

2. (v. 4:4) Who alone has the right to judge the validity of Paul’s ministry?

3. (v. 4:5) What will happen when the Lord comes for the Body of Christ?

Note: Apparently there were some in Corinth that were questioning Paul’s authority as an apostle. In verses 8 – 10 Paul is using sarcasm to make his point that they were in fact not qualified to judge his apostleship.

4. (vss. 4:11–13) How does Paul describe the way he has acted and responded as an apostle of Jesus Christ?

5. (v. 4:15) How does he describe himself to the Corinthians?

6. (Compare v. 4:16, 11:1) What does Paul instruct the Corinthian believers to do?

Note: Paul instructs believers to follow or imitate him in several places in his epistles (1 Corinthians 4:16; 1 Corinthians 11:1; Philippians 3:17; Philippians 4:9; 1 Thessalonians 1:6; 2 Thessalonians 3:7-9). He said these things because as the Apostle to the Gentiles he established a pattern of doctrine and behavior that was meant to be an example for all members of the Body of Christ.

7. (v. 4:17) Whom did Paul send to instruct the Corinthians in how they should behave?

8. (v. 4:19) What does Paul promise he will do soon?

Write 1 Corinthians 1:18 from memory on the lines below.

What Bible Version did you use for this lesson?: _____

Your questions or Comments:

RETURN COMPLETED LESSON TO:

toServe Ministry

P. O. Box 1861

Weatherford, TX 76086

Date Completed: ____ / ____ / ____

Name: _____ ID # _____

Unit / Facility: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____